



# A benchmark data generation tool using walking simulation and virtualized reality models for evaluating AR visual tracking

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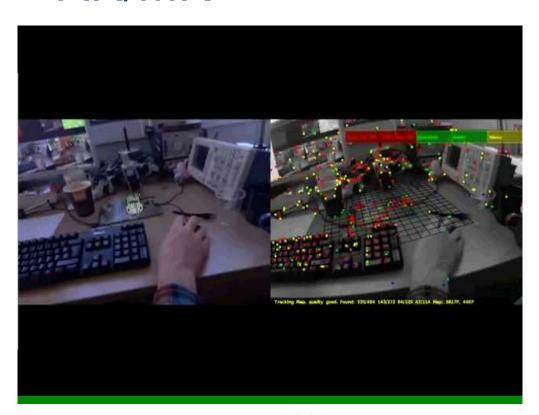
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# Camera parameter estimation for AR/MR



ARToolKit (Kato, et al, IWAR99)



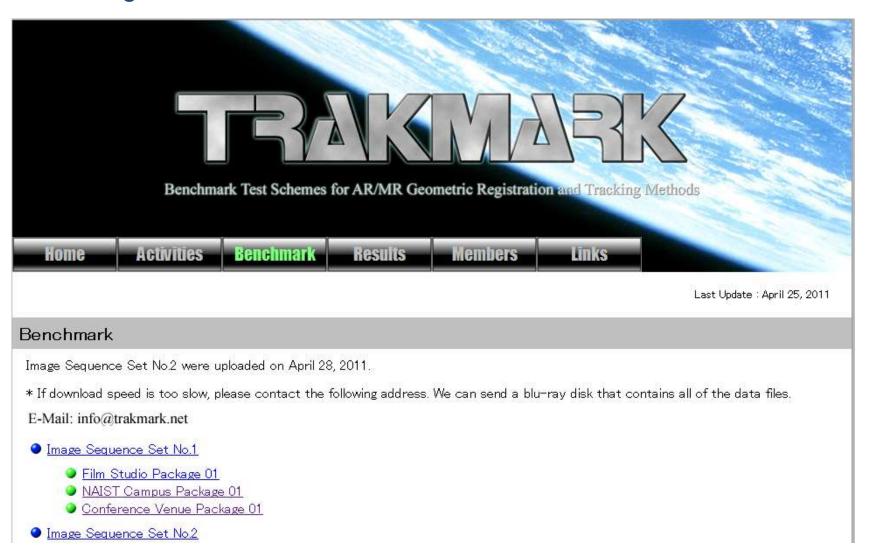
DTAM(\*)
(R. A. Newcombe, et al, ICCV2011)

Ground truth data of camera parameters and feature points are needed for benchmarking.



#### TrakMark~

## Benchmark Test Schemes for AR/MR Geometric Registration and Tracking Methods





#### TrakMark~

# Benchmark Test Schemes for AR/MR Geometric Registration and Tracking Methods

Film Studio Package







NAIST Campus Package







Conference Venue Package









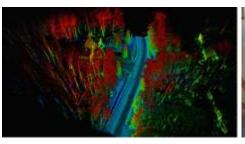
#### Generation of ground truth

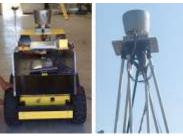
- For benchmarking
  - Ground truth is needed.
    - Robot arms for obtaining extrinsic camera parameters



KR 5 SIXX R650 (KUKA)

Range sensors for obtaining 3D positions of feature points





Omnidirectional range sensor: LiDAR (Velodyne)

Making ground truth data is costly in real environment.



#### Our goal

# Developing a tool to generate data sets for benchmark using virtualized reality models

Merits of using virtualized reality models

- ✓ Making ground truth data
- Any camera path and any feature points

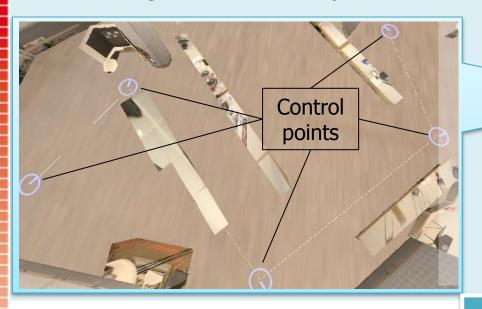


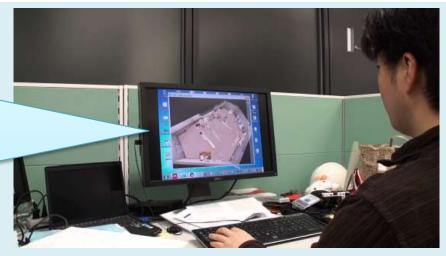




#### Outline of the tool

#### Interface to generate camera parameters





The user sets control points with mouse clicks.









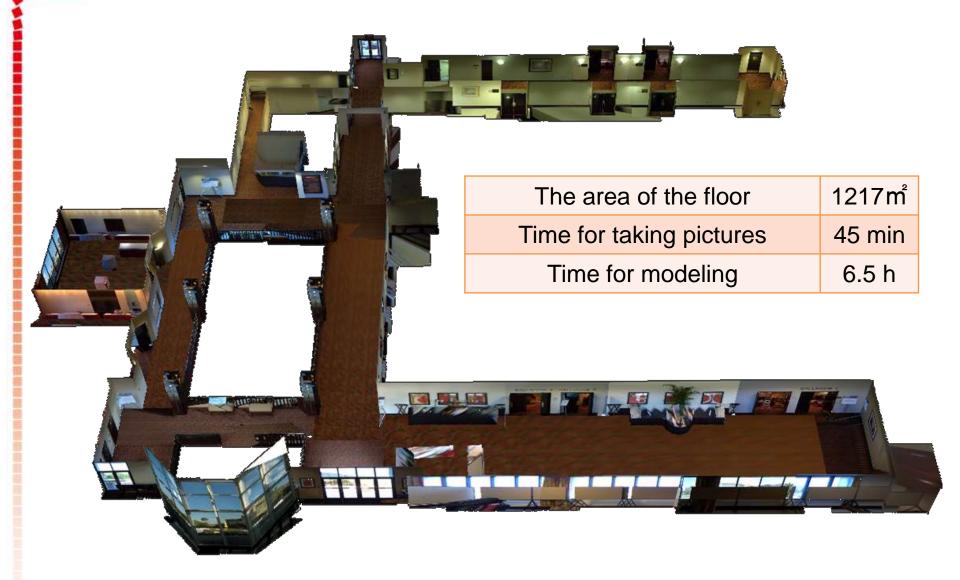




Generated images



#### A sample of virtualized reality model

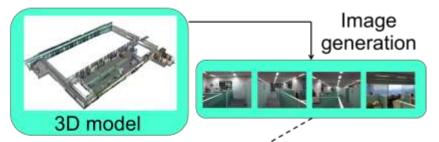


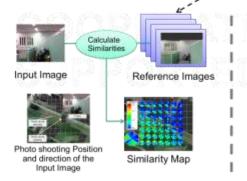
The Venue of ISMAR2009



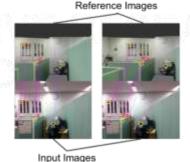
#### Model-utilization for related applications

3D model for image based tracking





Coarse Estimation



Feature based matching

3D model for map matching



**Before** 

After

3D model for Augmented Virtuality



Real image



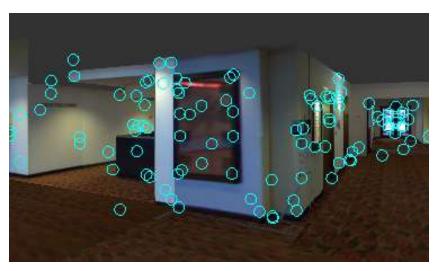
AV view



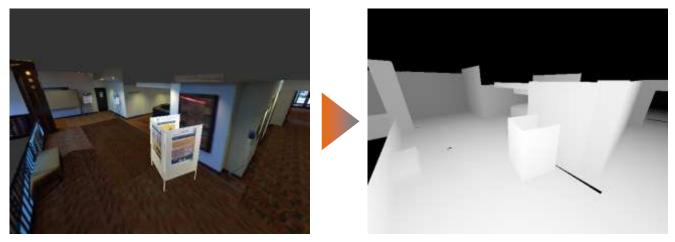
#### Functions of the tool



Camera parameters generation with human walking motion



Interest points generation



Output of depth data



# Camera parameters generation with human walking motion



#### Head and hand movements with human walking



Head Mounted Camera

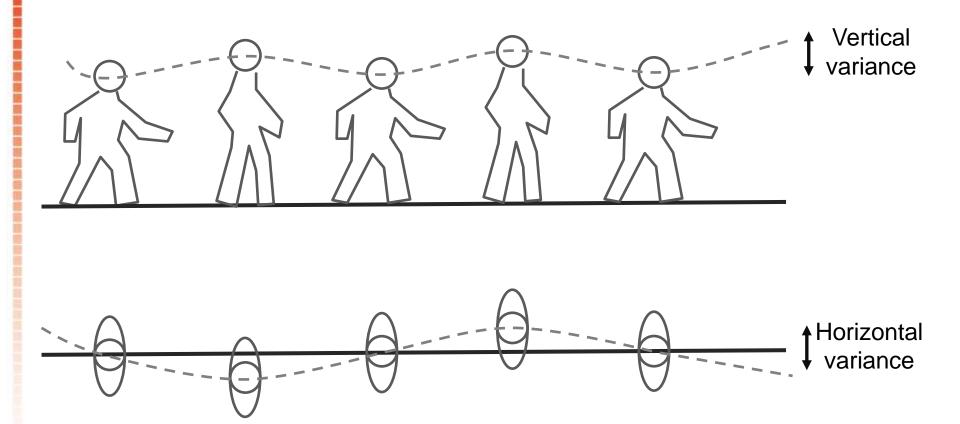


Hand Held Camera



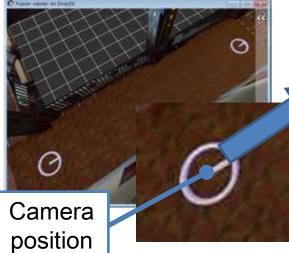
#### Parameters for setting camera effects

The user sets vertical and horizontal variances.





#### Example of a sequence



Camera direction

#### Parameter settings

- Basic height 1600 [mm]
- Vertical variance 50 [mm]
- Horizontal variance 80 [mm]
- Walking step length 650 [mm]
- Walking speed 900 [mm]

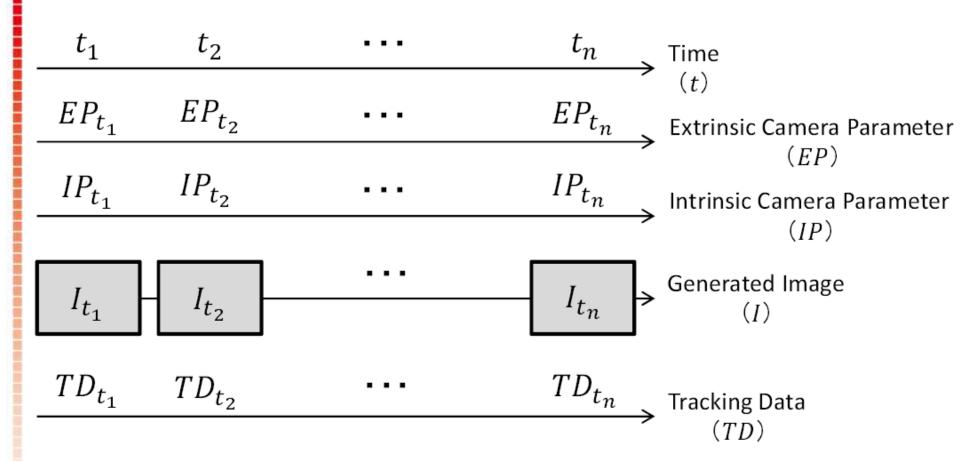




# Interest points generation

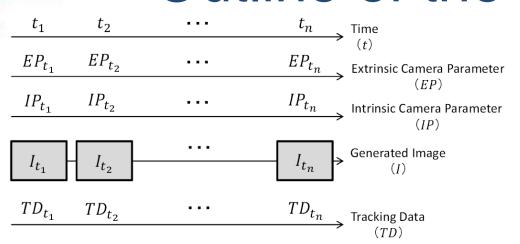


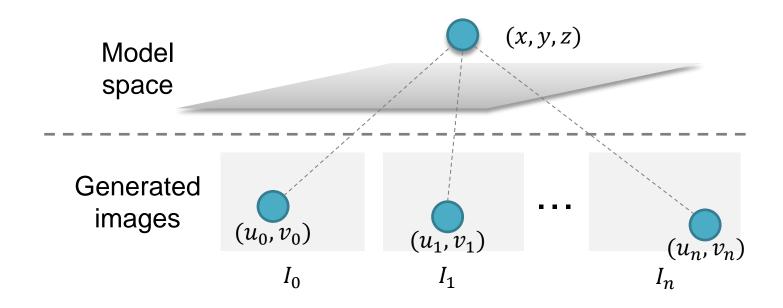
#### Outline of the data sets





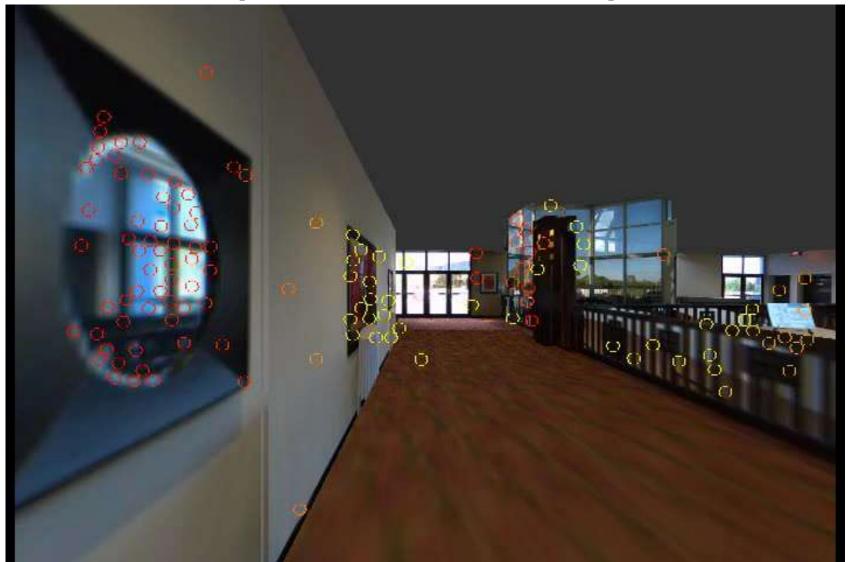
#### Outline of the data sets





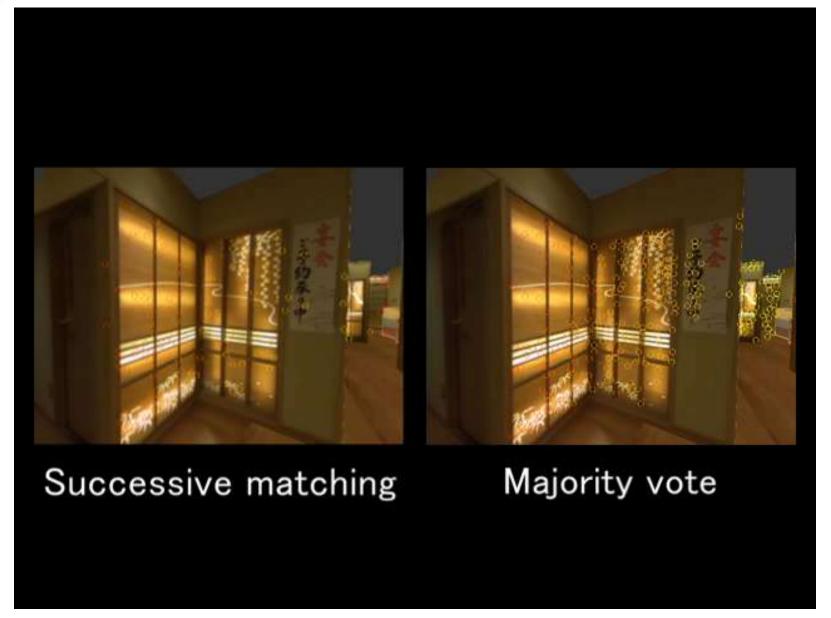


# Example of interest points





#### Comparative result of interest points generation



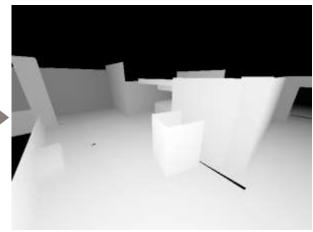


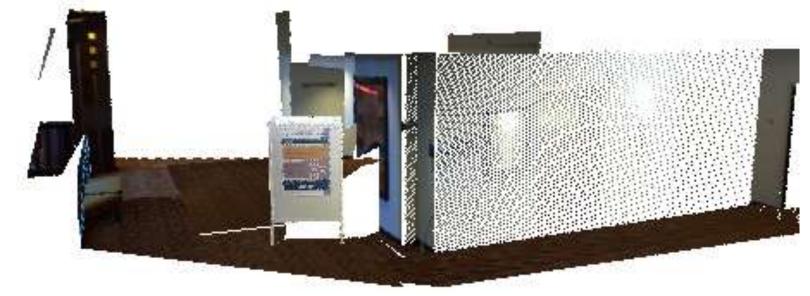
# **Applications**



#### Simulations of 3D reconstructions







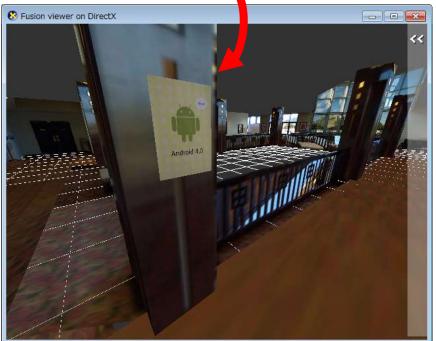


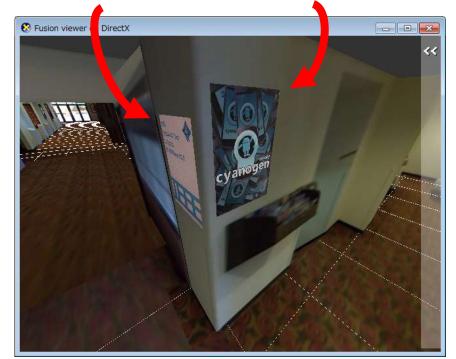
#### Generating data sets with additional contents









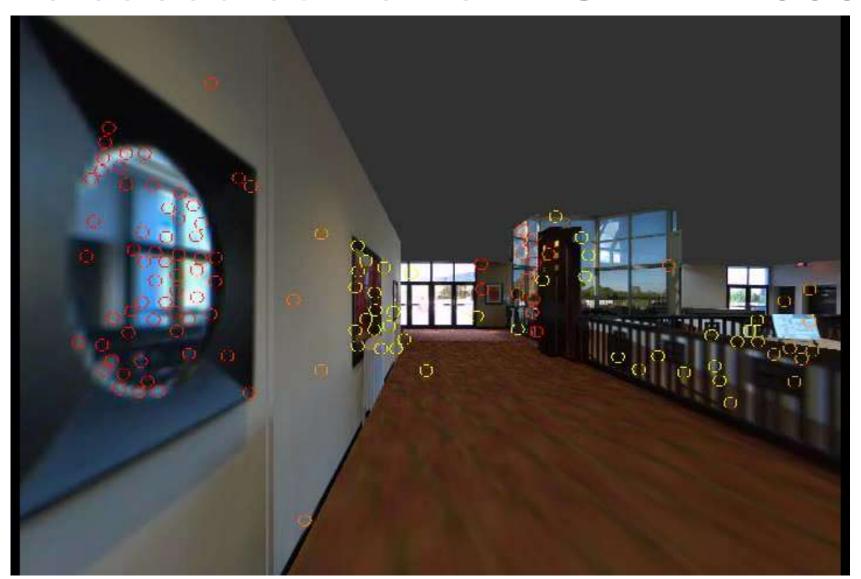




#### Released contents in TrakMark

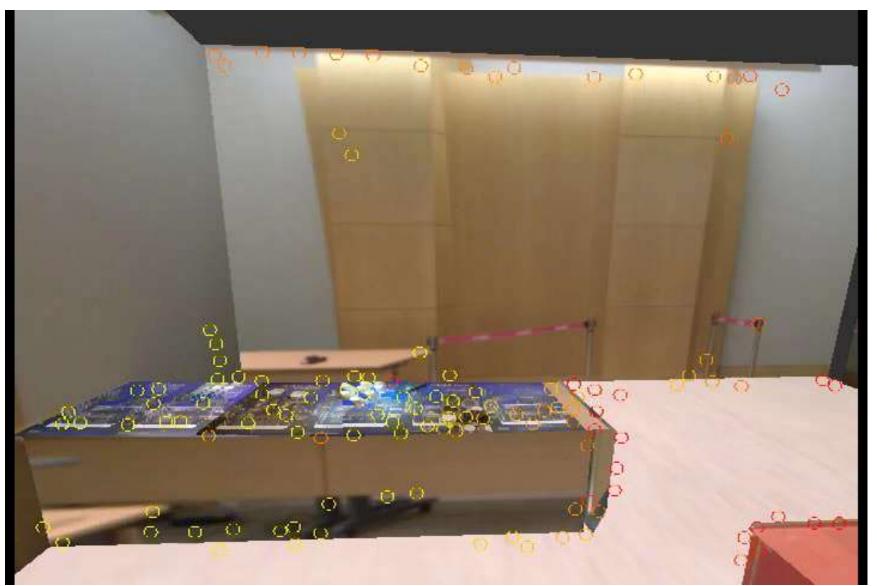


## Released contents ~ ISMAR2009



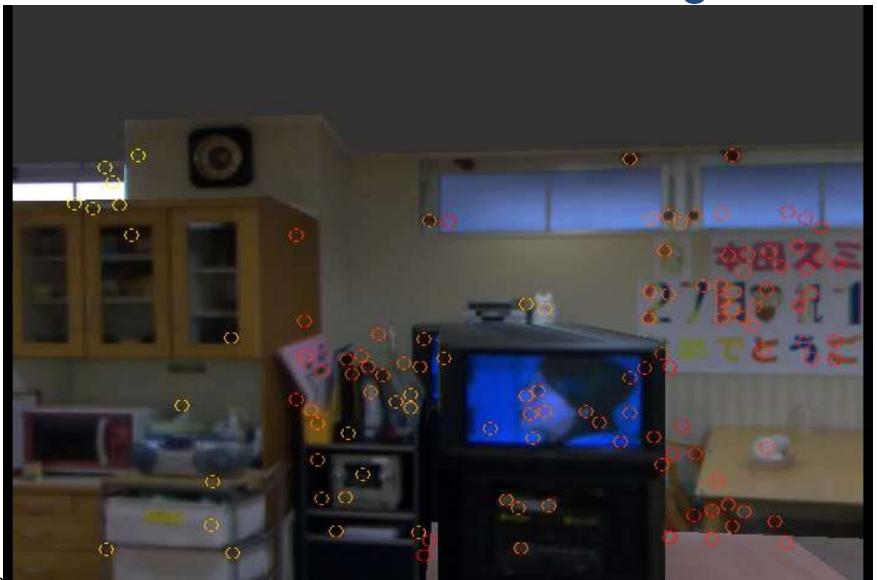


## Released contents ~ ISMAR2010





#### Released contents ~ Nursing home





Released contents ~ Japanese restaurant

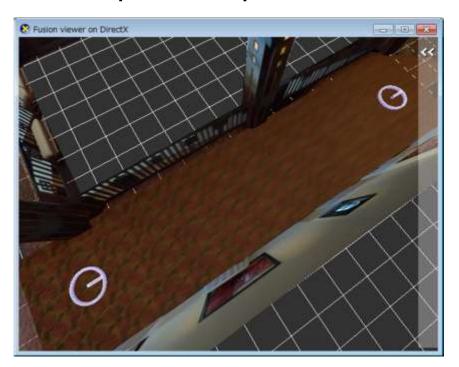


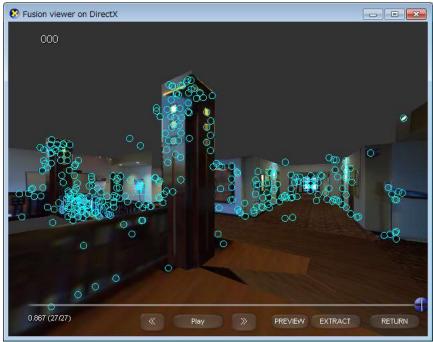


#### Conclusion

#### The tool for generating benchmark data sets

- Using virtualized reality models
- Generating camera parameters with human walking motion
- Manual and automatic interest points generation
- Output of depth data







#### **Future works**

- Additional functions of the tool
  - Motion sensors' data for camera parameter generation
  - Introducing camera effects
    - Blurring, Defocus, Specular, ...
  - Additional object in model environment
    - Markers for visual tracking
    - Occluders (walking person, ...)



#### **Future works**

- How to distribute the data sets
  - Which format is better for 3D models?
  - How to distribute the tool?
    - Good data sets generated by the tool are to be added in TrakMark data sets
    - Provisions of parameter sets (for example, camera parameters) are acceptable for the tool
    - Too many versions of the tool / data sets are to be prevented ...



## Acknowledgements

The authors thank Hiroyoshi Tsuru from the University of Tsukuba and Shiori Suetsugu from Ritsumeikan University for their experiments using our data sets.

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# Appendix: a formula for calculating vertical translation of a camera

$$H(H) = \begin{cases} \frac{h(\theta)}{1 - \alpha} & h(\theta) < (1 - \alpha)A \\ h(\theta) \ge (1 - \alpha)A \end{cases} \qquad h(\theta) \equiv A |\sin \theta|$$

